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Enforced Vaccinations? The Ethical Dilemma...

Introduction: The topic I have chosen is an ethical dilemma I believe all nurses will eventually come across, in regards to the consent needed in the care of patient with a mental health diagnosis. For example; in a dementia where it is not uncommon for vaccinations to be compulsory whether the patient approves or not. Patients often are prescribe vaccinations whether they agree or not and may be force to have them. Conditions of the dementia ward is that vaccinations are compulsory, but is enforcing them against the NZNO Code of Conduct?

Question: Does the rule of informed consent apply to psychiatric patients—Particularly those in a locked care facility

Findings:

- -On some occasions, such as when vaccinations are a requirement of the inpatient ward, then yes, it is ethical to ignore the rule of informed consent.
- -The nurse must hold to account the wellbeing of the entire ward. If that means giving everyone a vaccination such as the flu shot then that is the most ethical choice
- -For the greater health care of all the residence within the ward, vaccinations are vital.
- -Patients and their families are notified of these condition on enrollment into the facility.

(Beebe, Smith 2008& Hem, Heggen, Ruyter 2007& O'Brien 2010)



(Google Images 2014)

Recommendations:

- -Build on the patients understanding of why vaccinations are important—not only for them but for the entire ward. Remember that they may not have the capacity to make the best decision for themselves.
- Focus on what would better for the majority of people, even if it means enforcing vaccinations. This will keep the majority of patient healthier and be better for their wellbeing.
- -Make an effort to gauge the patients level of comprehension of what is going on. This can assist in developing a mutual understanding.

(Beebe, Smith 2008& Hem, Heggen, Ruyter 2007& O'Brien 2010)

Conclusion: On some occasions, the most ethical thing to do is to bypass the rule of informed consent. This only applies if the patient is not capable of making the best decision for themselves to go give truly informed consent, and it is a big responsibility that the nurse must be willing to take on. We can ease this situation for ourselves and the patients by building on their understanding and being aware of their level of comprehension.

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